

Veterinary Science Questions

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1. Which of the following is not a clinical sign of hemorrhagic septicemia
 - a. Pneumonia
 - b. Bronchitis
 - c. Arthritis
 - d. None of these
2. Fowl cholera is caused by
 - a. Pasterurella
 - b. Pseudomonas
 - c. Vibrio cholera
 - d. S. paragallinarum
3. Most common serotype of FMD in India is
 - a. A
 - b. O
 - c. C
 - d. SAT1
4. Capraceous apetite is seen in which of the following diseases
 - a. TB
 - b. Rinderpest
 - c. FMD
 - d. PPR
5. Photo-scotochromogenic classification is followed in
 - a. TB
 - b. Rinderpest
 - c. Pseudomonas
 - d. Pasteurella
6. Which of the following is termed as bipolar organism
 - a. TB
 - b. Rinderpest
 - c. Pseudomonas
 - d. Pasteurella

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7. FMD samples are preserved in
 - a. Formalin
 - b. Glycol
 - c. Glycerin
 - d. Toulene
8. Control of FMD is difficult because of
 - a. Air borne transmission
 - b. Contagious nature
 - c. Multiple serotypes
 - d. None of these
9. Calfhood vaccination is followed in which of the following
 - a. Brucellosis
 - b. Salmonellosis
 - c. FMD
 - d. TB
10. Arthritis is seen in case of Hemorrhagic septicemia in which species
 - a. Cattle
 - b. Sheep
 - c. Horse
 - d. Pigs
11. Susceptibility to tuberculosis is higher in
 - a. Younger animals
 - b. Adult animals
 - c. Old animals
 - d. Same in all of these
12. Another name for charbon is
 - a. TB
 - b. PseudoTB
 - c. Anthrax
 - d. Black quarter
13. Symptomatic anthrax is another name for
 - a. TB
 - b. Coccidiosis
 - c. Brucellosis
 - d. Black quarter

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14. Crepitating swelling is seen in which of the following
- TB
 - Taeniosis
 - Salmonellosis
 - Black quarter
15. Early abortion is particularly seen in which of the following
- Brucellosis
 - Trichomoniasis
 - TB
 - Salmonellosis
16. Lok jam theory is applicable in which of the following
- Mycoplasmosis
 - Trichomoniasis
 - Anthrax
 - Salmonellosis
17. What percent of plasma is water (approximately)
- 88
 - 90
 - 92
 - 94
18. The formed elements of blood form around _____ percent of total blood volume
- 45
 - 50
 - 55
 - 60
19. Serum lacks one of the following protein
- Albumin
 - Globulin
 - Fibrin
 - Fibrinogen
20. Which of the following is the largest of the blood corpuscles
- Lymphocytes
 - Monocytes
 - Neutrophils

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- d. Eosinophils
21. Which of the following is the smallest of the blood corpuscles
- Lymphocytes
 - Monocytes
 - Neutrophils
 - Eosinophils
22. Which of the cells form the first line of defence in udder
- Neutrophils
 - Macrophages
 - Lymphocytes
 - Eosinophils
23. Mammary glands are modified
- Sweat glands
 - Sudoriferous glands
 - Both of these
 - None of these
24. Prevention of cruelty act (PCA) act was enacted in the year
- 1960
 - 1971
 - 1965
 - 1975
25. The headquarters of animal welfare board of India is
- Delhi
 - Chennai
 - Haryana
 - Mumbai
26. Colostrum transfers which of the following to the newborn
- Active immunity
 - Passive immunity
 - Semi-active immunity
 - All of these
27. Cold mastitis is caused by
- Pseudomonas spp
 - Corynebacterium species
 - E.coli

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- d. Klebsiella spp
28. PCR was invented by
- A. Roach
 - Thomas wech
 - K. Mullis
 - Woese
29. Inflammation of oviduct is called as
- Oviductitis
 - Salpingitis
 - Cheilosis
 - Stepitis
30. Dry cow therapy is recommended for which of the following diseases
- Tuberculosis
 - Brucellosis
 - Mastitis
 - Sleeping sickness
31. Which of the following can be prevented by vaccination
- Breast cancer
 - Cervical cancer
 - TVT in dogs
 - Papilloma
32. Ammonia is not produced by
- Liver
 - Neurons
 - Heart and kidneys
 - None of these
33. Weil's disease is another name for
- Leptospirosis
 - Salmonellosis
 - Mycoplasmosis
 - Prion disease
34. Strain 19 vaccine is famous vaccination strain of
- Leptospirosis
 - Brucellosis
 - Mycoplasmosis

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- d. Prion disease
35. Which of the following is referred as bad cholesterol
- LDL
 - HDL
 - VHDL
 - None of these
36. RBCs are elliptical and sickle shaped in which of the following
- Dog
 - Cat
 - Camel
 - Lion
37. Bestiality is also known as
- Boot up
 - Zoophilia
 - Animal love
 - Pruning
38. Glucose effect is seen in which of the following induction agent
- Thiopentone
 - Ketamine
 - Propofol
 - All of these
39. Induction with propofol produces
- Apnea
 - Tachypnea
 - Bradycardia
 - All of these
40. Parotid duct transposition is a corrective procedure for
- Keratoconjunctivitis sicca
 - Dry
 - Pannus
 - Both a and b
41. Which layer of cornea doesn't take stain
- Stroma
 - Desemts
 - Endothelium

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- d. PTF film
42. Which of the following is ectodermal in origin
- Enamel
 - Dentine
 - Both of these
 - Pulp cavity
43. Which vitamin is not available in plants
- Vitamin A
 - Vitamin C
 - Pantothenate
 - Cyanocobalamine
44. Which of the following organ gets the highest proportion of cardiac output
- Liver
 - Brain
 - Kidneys
 - Skeletal muscles
45. Most potent aflatoxin among the following is
- G1
 - B1
 - M2
 - B2
46. Tympanitis is a disease of which of the following
- Rumen
 - Eye
 - Intestines
 - Ear
47. Trachoma is related to which of the following
- Urinary bladder
 - Eye
 - Skin
 - Ear
48. Velogenic strain is famous for which of the following
- Marek's disease
 - Ranikhet disease
 - Infectious laryngotracheitis

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- d. Infectious bursitis
49. Retrovirus causes which of the following diseases
- a. Marek's disease
 - b. Ranikhet disease
 - c. Avian encephalomalacia
 - d. Avian leukosis
50. Mad cow disease is another name for which of the following prion diseases
- a. BSE
 - b. Scrapie
 - c. Both of these
 - d. CJD

Note: For answer key, you need to mail the author with answers compiled by you in Microsoft word/excel copy. You will then be provided with the correct answers. It is done to help you in long run.

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